

Personalizing Virtual Environments through Immersive Virtual Reality: The patient perspective on achieving the goal of patient-centeredness

Associate Professor Andreas Charalambous
Cyprus University of Technology and
University of Turku

EONS President-Elect



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Annual Meeting on Suppportive Care in Cancer

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Conflict of Interest

Nothing to Declare





The problem...

- ...Undergoing treatment cab be a stressful and burdensome period for the patient and one where mood disturbances have a high prevalence...
- The disturbances seem to peak during the actual treatment sessions...!



Could VR be a solution...?







The solution...?

- VR imaging application to be experienced within a Head-Mounted-Display...
- Immersive virtual reality (immersive VR) is the presentation of an artificial environment that replaces users' real-world surroundings convincingly enough that they are able to suspend disbelief and fully engage with the created environment.



The study...

- This was a randomised, double blind crossover trial with 40 patient assigned to the study.
- Cross-sectional, Multi-centre study
- ClinicalTrials.gov <u>Identifier</u>: NCT02392728





Inclusion Criteria

- Eligible patients were those in active treatment requiring to receive intravenous chemotherapy within the cancer care setting.
- Eligible participants also needed to be able to speak and understand Greek and they had given written informed consent.
- Participants should also have a score of >60 on the POMS total mood disturbance scale, a >50 on the Karnofsky Performance Scale Index and a mean of >50 on the Attentional Function Index (AFI).



Exclusion Criteria...

- Patients were excluded if:
 - they were diagnosed with brain tumours (due to seizures),
 - receiving palliative care,
 - they had an impaired cognitive ability or
 - they had an impaired visual ability.



Intervention

 VR imaging application to be experienced within a Head-Mounted-Display, simulating movement by manipulating a gesture controller and to experience fully-spherical 3D videos of virtual environments...







Control...

- Guided Imagery (floating on a cloud script)
 - Guided imagery is a traditional mind-body technique that focuses the imagination in proactive, positive ways.





Measures...

- Research data were collected with the
 - POMS (Profile of Mood States),
 - FACT-G (Functional Assessment of Cancer Therapy - General),
 - Patients' vital signs (BP, HR).





Personalization starts from "scratch"....

- The Virtual Environments were designed in collaboration with and based on patients' preferences...
- Review Interviews Focus Groups Pilot Testing X 2
- These environments needed to:
 - Be realistic...
 - Allow connectedness with the users
 - "I want to be somewhere enjoyable and relaxing..."
 - "Having the opportunity to "travel" elsewhere..."
 - "Simply take my mind off this "attachment" to the drug..."



Preliminary findings...

- Themes identified
 - Relaxing Experience
 - Altered perception of time
 - Distraction from the hospital environment
 - Distraction from the actual treatment process





Preliminary findings...

- Participants referred that the intervention (i.e. VR) was one of the most amazing things they ever did and that they previously didn't have the opportunity to experience something similar...
- 18 patients stated that the intervention gave them a relaxing time during their chemotherapy session...





Preliminary findings...

- The intervention facilitated their forgetting and altered perception of the time of their treatment and distracted them from the hospital environment...
- The majority of participants mentioned that they prefer these kind of interventions rather than to speak with their psychologist or with a close relative or friend (i.e. referring to mood disturbances)...



Take home message...

- Conventional wisdom is that it takes about 20 years from the time the first research is published to become common use...
- Virtual reality has emerged as a viable tool to help in a number of different disorders, with the most strength of evidence for use in exposure therapy for patients with anxiety disorders...



Take home message...

- Our study provides evidence on VR's effectiveness during the actual chemotherapy sessions...
- Results show that VR is an efficacious tool, compares favorably to guided imagery, and has lasting effects that generalize to the real world...









